Crowley Logistics,	Date Filed:	Date Effective:	Rule 28.1	Revision: 2 <sup>nd</sup>
Inc. Org 023477	August 27, 2020	October 4, 2020	Cargo Density Fee	Revised
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Applicable on all LCL shipments equal to or greater than 1000 Lbs to/from the Continental U.S., Puerto Rico, Caribbean and Central America, a Cargo Density Fee shall apply when the cargo density factor is equal to or greater than 50 Lbs per Cubic Foot.

The Cargo Density Fee shall be \$2.00 per 100 lbs subject to a minimum charge of \$50 per shipment.

How the Cargo Density Fee is applied:

Density (lbs/ft3)

- **Step 1.** Measure the height, width, and depth of the shipment in inches. Measure to the farthest points, including skids or other packaging. On shipments with multiple pieces, repeat Step 1 for each piece.
- **Step 2.** Multiply the three measurements (height x width x depth). The result is the total cubic inches of the shipment. If you have multiple pieces, multiply the height x width x depth for each piece. Take the results for each piece and add them together to get the total cubic inches
- **Step 3.** Divide the total cubic inches by 1,728 (the number of cubic inches in a cubic foot). The result is the cubic feet of the shipment.
- **Step 4.** Divide the weight (in pounds) of the shipment by the total cubic feet. The result is the pounds per cubic foot, *i.e.*, density.
  - For multiple pieces, add the weight of each piece together before dividing by the total cubic feet of the shipment.

## Example:

If the shipment is 48" x 40" x 48" and weighs 3500 Lbs

- 1. Multiply  $48" \times 40" \times 48" = 92,160$  cubic inches
- 2. Divide 92,160 by 1,728 53.3 CFT
- 3. Divide 3500 Lbs by 53.3 cubic = 65.6 pounds per cubic foot (PCF), i.e., the shipment density.
- 4. Divide 3500 Lbs by 100 Lbs = 35 x \$2 (subject to a min charge of \$50) = \$70 Cargo Density Fee.